

Some Questions



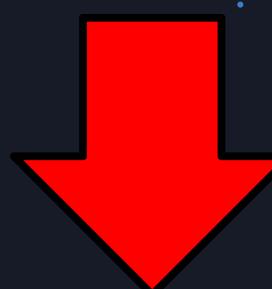
- What are the advantages of selecting tests based on code changes?
- What are the risks associated with code-based testing?

Who can benefit?

- Jack Marvin & Trevor Hammock
- A Method to Select Tests Based on Code Coverage



- Run less tests. Average 50-80%.
- Depends on risk tolerance and confidence
- Code change frequency
- Developer experience level



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- Developers get "Is my change good?" sooner
- Rate of code change limiting factor, not testing









- Focused on changes
- Earlier confidence in change
- If it did not change then low risk of fail
- Only tests related to change run



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- Frees up hardware exploratory
- QA gets the answer to "Is this build deliverable" much sooner

- Reduce false fails
- Can be large benefit if environment not reliable







- Reduced redundant fails from the same defect
- Identify tests that haven't failed over time
 - Great for pruning regression suites
- Detect 'valuable tests', those with high coverage
 - Can prioritize high coverage tests

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Help identify which functions are most common across the tests

- An automated method to map features to tests
- Determine code churn and indicate stability

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- Can quantify a changes impact
- Not supposed to have effect
- Aid other teams in flow

small changes can have a big impact

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Risks Associated with Codebased Test Selection



- Educated guesswork for "best" tests
 - Highest coverage with fastest turnaround time

Not running all tests may miss a defect



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A Method to Select Tests Based on Code Coverage



Risks Associated with Codebased Test Selection



- Release cycle, iterations and stability
- Number of tests varies with Milestones

- Cross-team Collaboration Anti-Silo
- Focusing on code vs. upstream or downstream



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Risks Associated with Codebased Test Selection



Ways to limit the risk

- Start slow, increasing use of reduced tests as confidence increases.
- Run full list and compare fails to reduced test list
- Delay use for key releases



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Who can Benefit



Anyone can use it

- Developers
- QA
- Marketing



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How Does it Work?

- Regression suite run with a code coverage tool
- Database stores mapping of code to test
- Analyze build changes
- Map changes to database gives tests

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How Does it Work?

How much time do these steps take?

- Code coverage regression run > regular
- Database creation
- 0.5 to 2 hours, code and test size
- Test list creation 10-60 seconds









- New code changes unknown to database
- Regular code coverage runs
- Need to add new tests
- Still proves no regressions



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What is the optimal set of tests?

- Fastest
- Least number with combined coverage
- Less tests != less runtime

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Common code changes gives most tests?

- Think main.C
- Add filtering with increased risk of missing a defect





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Rare-occurring defects not detected as early

- Intermittent seg faults
- Rare race condition fails





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- Code coverage tool targets specific language
- Functional or line coverage
- Functional less accurate
- Line changes often
- Line is difficult to uniquely identify



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Conclusion



- Although not using this tool for all builds by all teams until confidence allows, no defects have been missed and we have greatly lowered the test burden.
- We hope to increase usage as benefits are shown
- Allows for new forms of testing which we are currently exploring.









- SPEAKER NAME
- TOPIC

